Foundation Unit 4 topic test				
Date:				
Time: 40 minutes				
Total marks available: 38				
Total marks achieved:				

Name:

Questions

0	1	

(a) Write ¼ as a decimal.				
(b) Write the fraction $^{18}/_{24}$ in its simples	st form.			(1)
(c) Shade $\frac{3}{5}$ of this shape.				(1)
				(1)

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

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(a) Work out $16 - 6 \times 2$

(1)

(b) Write 0.7 as a percentage.

(1)

(c) Write $\frac{3}{5}$ as a decimal.

(1)

(d) Find 15% of 120

(2)

(Total for question = 5 marks)

Q3.	
(a) Write $\frac{7}{10}$ as a decimal.	
	(1)
(b) Write 0.45 as a percentage.	
	%
	(1)
(c) Write 30% as a fraction. Give your fraction in its simplest form.	
	(2)
(d) Write the number 2.738 correct to 2 decimal places.	
	(1)
	(Total for Question is 5 marks)
Q4.	
Work out $\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{3}$	
	(Total for Question is 2 marks)

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*	Here	are	two	trac	ctions	

$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 $\frac{7}{8}$

Which of these fractions has a value closer to $\frac{3}{4}$?

You must show clearly how you get your answer.

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q6.

Vrite $\frac{7}{16}$ as a decimal

(Total for question = 1 mark)

Q7.

Here are four numbers.

0.43
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 43.8% $\frac{7}{16}$

Write these numbers in order of size. Start with the smallest number.

.....

Q8. (a) Write ½ as a decimal.	
(b) Write 0.75 as a fraction.	(1)
(c) Write 19 out of 30 as a fraction.	(1)
	(1)
	(Total for Question is 3 marks)
Q9. Work out 65% of 300	
	(Total for question = 2 marks)
Q10. Callum wins £300 in a raffle.	
He gives 5% of the £300 to charity.	
$\frac{2}{5}$	
He saves 5 of the £300 He uses the rest of the money to buy clothes.	
Work out how much of the money Callum uses to buy clothes.	
	£(Total for question = 3 marks)

Q11.

Greg sells car insurance and home insurance.

The table shows the cost of these insurances.

Insurance	car insurance	home insurance
Cost	£200	£350

Each month Greg earns

£530 basic pay 5% of the cost of all the car insurance he sells and 10% of the cost of all the home insurance he sells

In May Greg sold

6 car insurances and 4 home insurances

Work out the total amount of money Greg earned in May.

(Total for Question is 5 marks)

Q12.

* Zara is the manager of a shop.

The table gives information about the expenses the shop had last year.

Expense	Wages	Rent	Goods	Other expenses
Amount	£92 000	£10 800	£72 000	£7000

This year

the wages will increase by 7.5%, the rent will be $\frac{7}{9}$ of the rent last year, the other expenses will halve.

Zara wants to increase the amount of money she spends on goods.

She also wants the total expenses the shop has this year to be the same as last year.

Can Zara increase the amount of money she spends on goods?

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Examiner's Report

Q1.

Part (a) was well answered, but in part (b) the common error was to partially cancel perhaps leaving the answer as $\frac{9}{12}$. In part (c) too many answers consisted of a random number of squares shaded, not always totalling 9. Shading 3 then 5 was common, or just 3, indicating little understanding of the fraction.

Q2.

No Examiner's Report available for this question

Q3.

Parts (a) and (b) were done very well by nearly all students with just occasional place value errors leading to 0.07 or 7 instead of 0.7 and 4.5% rather than 45%. There were occasional instances of 7.10 which would appear to indicate a misunderstanding of the relationship between fractions and decimal notation.

A high proportion of students were able to gain the first mark in (c) for writing 30% as $\frac{100}{100}$ or another

equivalent fraction, often 50. They then either stopped a simplification process or made subsequent errors. Full marks were awarded for the student's final answer so a few lost the second mark by an

incorrect simplification after $\frac{3}{10}$ had been reached, often giving $\frac{1}{5}$

A few students chose to write their answer as a decimal and others thought that 30% is equivalent to $\frac{1}{3}$

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Part (d) proved the most challenging part of this question for weaker students. Rounding errors were apparent with 2.73 and 2.80 the most common incorrect answers. There were also various answers offered with errors involving the re-positioning of the decimal point such as 27.38 or 273.8

Q4.

Candidates appear to find arithmetic with fractions difficult, all too often $\frac{2}{2}$ or $\frac{2}{2}$ =1 were given as the final answer. Even when candidates were able to give 15 as the lowest common multiple of 5 and 3 they could not go on to find the correctly associated numerators.

Some candidates used the grid method to find the answer, this worked for some candidates but others could fill in the boxes and then did not provide a final answer.

Q5.

This question differentiated very well as most candidates could make a start by writing two equivalent fractions but only the best could give the correct conclusion from three correct equivalent fractions, decimals or percentages. Some candidates tried to use a diagram but didn't realise that their diagrams were not comparable because they hadn't split them into the same number of sections. It was disappointing to see so many candidates rounding prematurely thinking that $\frac{2}{3}$ is equivalent to 0.6 so losing marks.

Q6.

No Examiner's Report available for this question

Q7.

No Examiner's Report available for this question

Q8.

Fractions often cause problems on a foundation paper but it was pleasing to see some good responses to this question. Many candidates wrote 1.2 instead of 0.5 as the decimal equivalent of $\frac{1}{2}$ whilst $\frac{5}{7}$ or $\frac{7}{5}$ was often seen instead of $\frac{3}{4}$ or $\frac{75}{100}$ or equivalent when the fractional equivalent of 0.75 was asked for. Interestingly about 4 out of 5 candidates could write 19 out of 30 as a fraction.

Q9.

This question was generally answered well. The most common approach was to start by finding 10% of 300.

Q10.

The majority of students were successful. Those who could not work out both 5% of 300 and $\frac{2}{5}$ of 300 were few in number. Some students, having found 5% of £300 and subtracted it from £300, worked out $\frac{2}{5}$ of £300.

Q11.

This was a multi-stage problem but using relatively easy mathematics. Very few candidates did formal percentage calculations, with most stating '10% is...'.

Candidates who were able to follow the question through were often successful.

Most candidates used the method of 6×200 and 4×350 first and then worked out the percentages and a number got to £200 and did not add this to £530.

Occasionally candidates worked out 10% and 5% of £530. Others mixed up the calculations for the car and home insurance. Too many added 1200 and 1400, and gave an answer of £2600.

Q12.

Many candidates were able to find 7.5% of £92 000, but several used a breakdown method of finding 10%, 5% and then 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ %, and often made errors in the process. This led to the loss of the first method mark. When finding $\frac{1}{2}$ 9 of 10 800, several candidates tried to convert to a decimal but truncated their answer to 0.7, so using an incorrect method and losing both the second and third method mark.

There were a number of candidates who assumed that goods should be halved as well, because they treated them as an expense. These candidates were still able to score the method marks and often did so.

There were a few candidates who included the difference in rent rather than the rent itself when reaching their overall total

A minority of candidates compared the increase in wages to the net savings in the other items when making their decision. These were often successful.

The final mark was only awarded where correct values were calculated to support the decision made. Overall around a quarter of candidates scored three or four marks, and around a third failed to score.

Mark Scheme

Q1.

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
(a)		0.25	1	B1 cao
(b)		3/4	1	B1 cao
(c)		9 squares shaded	1	B1 for any 9 squares shaded

Q2.

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	AO	Notes
(a)		4	В	1.3a	B1
(b)		70%	В	1.3a	B1
(c)		0.6	В	1.3a	B1
(d)		18	M	1.3a	M1 for 0.15 × 120 oe
			A	1.3a	A1 cao

Q3.

PAPER: 1M	PAPER: 1MA0_2F								
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes					
(a)		0.7	1	B1					
(b)		45	1	B1 cao					
(c)		3 10	2	M1 for $\frac{30}{100}$ or equivalent fraction A1 cao					
(d)		2.74	1	B1 cao					

Q4.

PAPER: 1MA0_1F								
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes				
		4 15	2	M1 for attempting to use a suitable common denominator with at least one of the two fractions correct				
				A1 for $\frac{4}{15}$ oe				

PAPER: 1M	A0_2F			
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
*		$\frac{2}{3}$	3	M1 for attempting to write at least two fractions expressed with a common denominator with at least one of the two fractions correct A1 for three correct fractions with suitable common denominator C1 (dep M1) for correct conclusion from comparison of their three OR
				M1 for writing at least two of the fractions as decimals ie $\frac{2}{3}$ as 0.66() or 66(.6)%, $\frac{7}{8}$ as 0.87(5) or 87.(5)%, $\frac{3}{4}$ as 0.75 or 75% A1 for three correct decimals or percentages C1 (dep M1) for correct conclusion from comparison of their three
				C1 (dep M1) for correct conclusion from comparison of their three OR M1 for finding two fractions of the same number e.g. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 48 or $\frac{7}{8}$ of 48 (may be implied by shading a fraction of a rectangle divided into e.g. 48 parts) A1 for three correct values or three correct diagrams with shading C1 (dep M1) for correct conclusion from comparison of their three OR M1 for attempting to find the difference between $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{2}{3}$ and between $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$ at least one pair of fractions expressed with a suitable common denominator and at least one of the two fractions correct A1 for $\frac{1}{12}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ or 0.08(333) and 0.12(5) C1 (dep M1) for correct conclusion from comparison of the 2 differences.

Q6.

Paper 1MA1: 2F					
Question	Working	Answer			Notes
		0.4375	B1	cao	

Q7.

Paper 1MA1: 3F					
Question	Working	Answer	Notes		
	0.43, 0.428, 0.438. 0.4375	$\frac{3}{7}$, 0.43, $\frac{7}{16}$, 43.8%,	M1 A1	Converts numbers to common format e.g decimals to at least 3 d.p.	

Q8.

	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
(a)		0.5	1	B1 cao
(b)		3/4	1	B1 for ¾ oe eg ⁷⁵ / ₁₀₀
(c)		19/30	1	B1 for ¹⁹ / ₃₀

Q9.

P	PAPER: 5MB2F_01								
(Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes				
			195	2	M1 for 300 × 0.65 oe A1 cao				

Q10.

PAPER: 5MB	1F_01			
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
Question	Working	Answer 165	Mark 3	Notes M1 for correct method to find 5% of 300 or $\frac{2}{5}$ of 300 M1 (dep) for 300 – "15" – "120" A1 cao OR
				M1 for 1 - 0.05 - 0.4 (= 0.55) M1 (dep) for "0.55" × 300 A1 cao

Q11.

Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
	730	5	M1 for 5/ ₁₀₀ × 200 (= 10) oe
			M1 for $^{10}/_{100} \times 350$ (= 35) oe M1 for 6 × '10' or 4 × '35' M1 (dep on M1 earned for a correct method for a percentage calculation) for '60' + '140'+ 530 A1 cao
			Or M1 for 6×200 (= 1200) or 4×350 (= 1400) M1 for $\frac{5}{100} \times 1200$ (= 60) oe M1 for $\frac{10}{100} \times 1400$ (= 140) oe M1(dep on M1 earned for a correct method for a percentage calculation) for $\frac{10}{140} + 140 + 530$ A1 cao

Q12.

	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
*	Cost of wages, rent and other expenses last year 92 000+10 800+7000 =109 800	no, with working and reason	4	M1 for an attempt to calculate using 7.5% and 92000 (eg 7.5% of 92000 or increase of 7.5%) eg 92000+6900 or 98900
	Cost of wages, rent and other expenses this year 1.075× 92 000 + ⁷ / ₂ × 10 800 + 7000÷2			M1 for an attempt to find a fractional amount of 10800 eg ⁷ / ₉ × 10800 or 8400 or ² / ₉ × 10800
	= 98 900+8400+3500 = 110 800 Costs are more this year, so she cannot increase the amount she			or 2400 M1 for complete method of increasing 92000 by 7.5%, finding $\frac{7}{9}$ of 10800 and halving 7000 with at least all of these three added together.
	spends on goods			C1 for statement eg "no" with both 110800 & 109800 seen OR "no" with "1000 more" OR "no" and compares 181800 with 182800 oe